

Terramycin[®]-50 Premix

(Phibro)

Ingredient(s):

oxytetracycline

Use:

Bloat, control/prevention

Species:

Beef Cattle

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

75 mg oxytetracycline/day.

Mix 55 g/tonne (0.50 kg product) of complete feed. Feed 1.36 kg/head/day (75 mg concentration).

Use:

Enteritis (bacterial), prevention

Species:

Beef Cattle, Dairy Cattle

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

Calves: Feed continuously during period of early growth (up to 136 kg b.w.).

In the feed: 0.5 kg/tonne.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 5d

WT Notes:

Do not administer to lactating dairy cattle.

Use:

Enteritis (bacterial), prevention

Species:

Sheep

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

1 kg/tonne of complete feed. Feed as sole ration during the suckling period.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 4d

Use:

Enterotoxemia (*Clostridium perfringens*), reduction of losses

Species:

Sheep

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

0.2 kg/tonne of complete feed. Feed as sole ration while lambs are in feedlot.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 4d

Use:

Enteritis (bacterial), prevention

Species:

Swine

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

Piglets <6 weeks of age: 2 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration.

Piglets 6 weeks to 27-31 kg b.w.: 0.5 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration.

Pigs off feed should be given individual treatment.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Enteritis (bacterial), treatment

Species:

Swine

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

Piglets <6 weeks of age: 2 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration following appearance of symptoms and until 3d after symptoms disappear.

Piglets 6 weeks of age up to 27-31 kg b.w.: 1 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as above.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Abortion (Leptospirosis), control/treatment

Species:

Swine

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

5 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration for 2 weeks to pregnant and affected sows when abortion has been diagnosed due to leptospirosis.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Enteritis (non-specific), periods of

Species:

Turkeys

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

As an aid in stimulating appetite and maintaining weight gains in presence of non-specific enteritis: 1 kg/tonne. Feed as sole ration from onset of disease for at least 1 month or until a few days after symptoms disappear.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Chronic respiratory disease/infectious sinusitis, control/prevention

Species:

Turkeys

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

As an aid in stimulating appetite and maintaining weight gains when chickens are expected to be exposed to mild attacks of CRD: 0.5 kg/tonne. Feed as sole ration for as long as birds are expected to be exposed to infection.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Enteritis (bacterial), prevention

Species:

Turkeys

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

As an aid in stimulating appetite and maintaining weight gains when birds are expected to be exposed to mild attacks of C.R.D. and/or non-specific enteritis: 0.5 kg/tonne. Feed as sole ration for duration of exposure.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Synovitis (infectious - *Mycoplasma synoviae*), control/prevention

Species:

Turkeys

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

1 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration for duration of exposure.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d

Use:

Synovitis (infectious - *Mycoplasma synoviae*), treatment

Species:

Turkeys

RoA:

In the feed

Dose:

2 kg/tonne complete feed. Feed as sole ration when symptoms appear and continue until at least 2 weeks after they disappear.

Withdrawal Time:

Meat: 7d